

Claims

What is claimed is:

1. A biologically pure strain of *E. coli* which is
5 characterized as comprising an *Hte* mutation and by more
efficient transformation with foreign plasmids than *E. coli*
that lack an *Hte* mutation.

2. A strain according to claim 1 that has been derived
10 from a strain having the identifying characteristics of ATCC
No 55962.

3. A method of preparing gram negative bacteria of
improved competence, said method comprising the steps of:
15 a) transferring a polynucleotide encoding an *Hte*⁻
region into gram negative bacterial cells; and
b) treating the cells from (a) with a competency
inducing procedure
whereby competent cells are produced.

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4. A method according to claim 3, wherein said bacteria
is *E. coli*.

5. A method according to claim 3, wherein the
25 competency inducing procedure is a standard high competency
induction procedure employing the step of washing the cells
with a buffer comprising at least two of the group consisting
of potassium acetate, KCl, MnCl₂, CaCl₂, glycerol, rubidium
chloride, and hexamine cobalt chloride.

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6. A method according to claim 4, wherein said *E. coli*
have the genotype $\Delta(mcrA)183 \Delta(mcrCB-hsdSMR-mrr)173endA1$
supE44 thi-1 recA1 gyrA96 relA1 lac tet^R Hte⁺{F'proAB
lacI^qZAM15 Tn10(Tet^R) Amy Cam^R}.

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7. A method according to claim 3, said method further
comprising the step of freezing the competent cells.

8. Cells according to claim 1, wherein said cells have been rendered competent.

9. Competent cells according to Claim 8, wherein said 5 cells have been made competent by the standard high competency induction procedure employing the step of washing the cells with a buffer comprising at least one of the group consisting of potassium acetate, KCl, MnCl₂, CaCl₂, glycerol, rubidium chloride, and hexamine cobalt chloride.

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10. Competent cells according to Claim 9, wherein said cells have been frozen.

11. Competent cells produced by the method of any one of 15 claims 3 through 7.

12. The use of cells according to claim 11 to clone or subclone heterologous genetic material of interest.

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13. The use of cells according to any one of claims 1 or 2 to clone or subclone heterologous genetic material of interest.

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